10 U.S.C. § 311: Militia: composition and classes

- (a) The militia of the United States consists of all able-bodied males at least 17 years of age and, except as provided in section 313 of title 32, under 45 years of age who are, or who have made a declaration of intention to become, citizens of the United States and of female citizens of the United States who are members of the National Guard.
- (b) The classes of the militia are -
 - (1) the organized militia, which consists of the National Guard and the Naval Militia; and
 - (2) the unorganized militia, which consists of the members of the militia who are not members of the National Guard or the Naval Militia.

10 U.S.C. § 312: Militia duty: exemptions

- (a) The following persons are exempt from militia duty:
 - (1) The Vice President.
 - (2) The judicial and executive officers of the United States, the several States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.
 - (3) Members of the armed forces, except members who are not on active duty.
 - (4) Customhouse clerks.
 - (5) Persons employed by the United States in the transmission of mail.
 - (6) Workmen employed in armories, arsenals, and naval shipyards of the United States.
 - (7) Pilots on navigable waters.
- (8) Mariners in the sea service of a citizen of, or a merchant in, the United States.
- (b) A person who claims exemption because of religious belief is exempt from militia duty in a combatant capacity, if the conscientious holding of that belief is established under such regulations as the President may prescribe. However, such a person is not exempt from militia duty that the President determines to be noncombatant.